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7 Attorneys for Plaintiff

8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

9 **CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

10 THERESA BROOKE, a married woman
11 dealing with her sole and separate claim,

12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14 ORANGEWOOD HOTEL
15 CORPORATION, a California corporation,

16 Defendant.

Case No:

VERIFIED COMPLAINT

(JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)

17 Plaintiff Theresa Marie Brooke alleges:

18 **PARTIES**

19 1. Plaintiff Theresa Brooke is a married woman. Plaintiff is legally disabled,
20 and is therefore a member of a protected class under the ADA, 42 U.S.C. § 12102(2),
21 the regulations implementing the ADA set forth at 28 CFR §§ 36.101 et seq., the
22 California Unruh Civil Rights Act. Plaintiff ambulates with the aid of a wheelchair due
23 to the loss of a leg.

24 2. Defendant, Orangewood Hotel Corporation, owns and/or operates and
25 does business as the hotel DoubleTree Suites by Hilton Hotel Anaheim Resort –
26 Convention Center, 2085 South Harbor Boulevard, Anaheim, California 92802.
27 Defendant's hotel is a public accommodation pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12181(7)(A),
28

1 which offers public lodging services. On information and belief, Defendant's hotel was
2 built or renovated after March 15, 2012.

3 **JURISDICTION**

4 3. Jurisdiction in this Court is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 42
5 U.S.C. § 12188.

6 4. Plaintiff's claims asserted herein arose in this judicial district and
7 Defendant does substantial business in this judicial district.

8 5. Venue in this judicial district is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c)
9 in that this is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the acts and omissions
10 giving rise to the claims occurred.

11 6. Pursuant to *Arroyo v. Rosas*, supplemental jurisdiction is appropriate over
12 Plaintiff's Unruh claim. On a case-specific analysis, there are no compelling reasons to
13 decline jurisdiction.

14 **ALLEGATIONS**

15 7. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant's hotel does not have a compliant access
16 aisle at the passenger loading zone adjacent to the hotel lobby in violation of Sections
17 209 and 503 of the 2010 Standards. An access aisle has specific requirements to be
18 compliant with the Standards: It must be (1) 60 inches wide and at least 20 feet long, (2)
19 it must have an accessible route adjoining it, and (3) it cannot be within a vehicular
20 way. Section 503.3.

21 8. The requirement for an access aisle at a passenger loading zone is
22 immensely important for a person in a wheelchair such as Plaintiff, as it provides safe
23 access to the entry of the hotel and deters others from placing encumbrances or
24 obstacles there such as a vehicle parking. An access aisle is akin to a cross-walk for
25 pedestrians. Absence of an access aisle where required creates dangerous conditions for
26 a person in a wheelchair such as Plaintiff.

27 9. Plaintiff formerly worked in the hospitality industry and her husband
28 works in the travel industry. She and her husband are avid travelers to California for

1 purposes of leisure travel and to “test” whether various hotels comply with disability
2 access laws. Testing is encouraged by the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals.

3 10. Plaintiff traveled to Orange County in December 2022 for testing ADA
4 compliance and leisure travel. She anticipates returning to Orange County several times
5 in the next year for testing, leisure and checking on compliance with past testing.
6 Plaintiff also has concrete plans to lodge at Defendant’s hotel in July 2023, but she will
7 not honor her concrete plans if Defendant has not provided notice of remediation by
8 then.

9 11. During this trip, Plaintiff personally visited Defendant’s hotel.
10 Defendant’s hotel has a passenger loading zone because pickup and dropoff occurs
11 there and it is located directly outside of the lobby entrance. There are also design
12 features showing an intent for utilization as a passenger loading zone. For example,
13 there is a *porte cochere*, which by definition is a design feature for passenger loading
14 zones. According to the U.S. Access Board Technical Guidelines on Passenger Loading
15 Zones, passenger loading zones are so common at hotels that even it recognizes “many
16 hotel entrances” have the design features indicating an intent to utilize as PLZs.

17 12. While at Defendant’s hotel, she discovered that Defendant’s hotel has a
18 barrier to entry to the lobby, which is that the passenger loading zone does not have an
19 access aisle compliant with Section 503.3. It is an absolute requirement to have an
20 access aisle at a passenger loading zone pursuant to Sections 209 and 503. The
21 requirement of an access aisle at a passenger loading zone relates to Plaintiff’s
22 disability of not having one leg and being forced to use a wheelchair because access
23 aisles are required so persons in a wheelchair can maneuver without threat of danger
24 from other vehicles and without other encumbrances blocking their pathway. The
25 lobby, therefore, is inaccessible to Plaintiff by way of the passenger loading zone
26 because there is no access aisle.

27 13. Plaintiff gained actual and personal knowledge of a barrier while visiting
28 Defendant’s hotel (no access aisle at passenger loading zone), and as a result, she was

1 deterred from entering the hotel. She anticipates returning to this hotel and has concrete
2 plans to do so in July 2023 (see above), but she will only lodge at the hotel if Defendant
3 puts the required access aisle into place and gives notice of such remediation before her
4 definitive return. Visiting otherwise would be futile because the lack of the access aisle
5 represents a barrier to entering the lobby.

6 14. It is readily achievable to modify the hotel to provide an access aisle.
7 Provision of an access aisle is extremely inexpensive; it involves painting and
8 measuring tools.

9 15. Without injunctive relief, Plaintiff and others will continue to be unable to
10 independently use Defendant's hotel in violation of her rights under the ADA.

11 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

12 16. Plaintiff incorporates all allegations heretofore set forth.

13 17. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff and others in that it has
14 failed to make its public lodging services fully accessible to, and independently usable
15 by, individuals who are disabled in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a) and §
16 12182(b)(2)(iv) and the 2010 Standards, as described above.

17 18. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff in that it has failed to
18 remove architectural barriers to make its lodging services fully accessible to, and
19 independently usable by individuals who are disabled in violation of 42 U.S.C.
20 §12182(b)(A)(iv) and the 2010 Standards, as described above. Compliance with the
21 2010 Standards would neither fundamentally alter the nature of Defendant's lodging
22 services nor result in an undue burden to Defendant.

23 19. In violation of the 2010 Standards, Defendant's hotel passenger loading
24 zone does not have a disability access aisle compliant with Section 503.3 of the
25 Standards.

26 20. Compliance with 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) and the 2010 Standards,
27 as described above, is readily achievable by the Defendant. *Id.* Readily achievable
28

1 means that providing access is easily accomplishable without significant difficulty or
2 expense.

3 21. Defendant's conduct is ongoing, and Plaintiff invokes her statutory right
4 to declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as costs and attorneys' fees.

5 22. Without the requested injunctive relief, Defendant's non-compliance with
6 the ADA's requirements that its passenger loading zone be fully accessible to, and
7 independently useable by, disabled people is likely to recur.

8 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant as follows:

- 9 a. Declaratory Judgment that at the commencement of this action Defendant
10 was in violation of the specific requirements of Title III of the ADA
11 described above, and the relevant implementing regulations of the ADA;
- 12 b. Permanent injunction pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12188(a)(2) and 28 CFR §
13 36.504(a) which directs Defendant to take all steps necessary to bring its
14 passenger loading zone into full compliance with the requirements set
15 forth in the ADA;
- 16 c. Payment of costs and attorney's fees;
- 17 d. Provision of whatever other relief the Court deems just, equitable and
18 appropriate.

19 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

20 23. Plaintiff realleges all allegations heretofore set forth.

21 24. Defendant has violated the Unruh by denying Plaintiff equal access to its
22 public accommodation on the basis of her disability as outlined above.

23 25. Unruh provides for declaratory and monetary relief to "aggrieved
24 persons" who suffer from discrimination on the basis of their disability.

25 26. Plaintiff has been damaged by the Defendant's non-compliance with
26 Unruh.

27 27. Pursuant to Cal Civ. Code §52, Plaintiff is further entitled to such other
28 relief as the Court considers appropriate, including monetary damages in an amount of
\$4,000.00, and not more.

1 28. Pursuant to Unruh, Plaintiff is entitled to attorney's fees and costs in an
2 amount to be proven at trial.

3 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant as follows:

- 4 a. Declaratory Judgment that at the commencement of this action Defendant
5 was in violation of the specific requirements of Unruh; and
- 6 b. Permanent injunction pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12188(a)(2) and 28 CFR §
7 36.504(a) which directs Defendant to take all steps necessary to bring its
8 passenger loading zone into full compliance with the requirements set
9 forth in the ADA;
- 10 c. Payment of costs and attorney's fees;
- 11 d. Damages in the amount of \$4,000.00; and
- 12 e. Provision of whatever other relief the Court deems just, equitable and
13 appropriate.

14 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

15 Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial on issues triable by a jury.

16 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 13th day of January, 2023.

17 /s/ P. Kristofer Strojnik
18 P. Kristofer Strojnik (242728)
19 Attorneys for Plaintiff

20 **VERIFICATION**

21 I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

22 DATED this 11th day of January, 2023.

23
24 

25
26
27 _____
28 Theresa Marie Brooke